

MILKMAID  
THICK  
CREAM  
SIMPLY PURE CREAM.

# The China Mail.

MILKMAID  
STERILIZED  
NATURAL  
MILK  
IS  
PURE, FRESH  
COWS' MILK.

No. 18,042

第三千八百一十一號

HONGKONG SATURDAY OCTOBER 8, 1914

庚申年九月廿七日

PRICE, 88.00 Per Month

**THORNE'S**  
No. 4  
**OLD VAT**  
**SCOTCH WHISKY**  
As supplied to the House  
of Lords and House of Com-  
mons.  
**A. S. WATSON & Co., Ltd**  
WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS  
ALEXANDRA BUILDING, HONGKONG.  
**WHAT GERMANY WANTS**  
THE WEALTH OF FRANCE.

The Kaiser is not mad, as some people  
declare. He is to be, except in so far as it  
weak, and emotional men, when driven  
to desperation and faced by probable  
disaster, lose their balance of mind and  
contemplate suicide. A few facts (see  
quote) a correspondent of The Daily  
Mail may explain his attitude.

A few months since the German Gov-  
ernment endeavored to float a loan—  
believe it or not—in the United  
States of America. The attempt ended in  
failure. The acquisition of these funds  
was undoubtedly a matter of  
vital importance to the Imperial Gov-  
ernment for the augmentation of fleet  
and the like, and the failure of the loan  
was a blow to its pocket and its prestige.  
In a recent issue of Temps gave  
official figures of the respective financial  
resources of the foremost Continental  
nations, and it was demonstrated how  
the Empire of France held as much  
specie as the Government banks of the  
Triple Alliance put together—roughly  
three times greater than that of Ger-  
many.

Further, during the early days of the  
present crisis and before the German  
monarchy had had any of the suspen-  
sion of payment by three of the leading  
banks and, in two of these cases, the  
side of the managers. A veil of  
obscurity is drawn closely round the  
country and no one knows nothing of her  
internal affairs except that money is  
scarce and food is dear, but it is to be  
assumed that her resources are no more  
prosperous now than they were a few  
months ago.


What inference may be drawn from  
these several facts? I think this, that  
Germany was, and still more so now,  
is on the verge of bankruptcy and ruin,  
and that in view of the fact that Social-  
ism is so dangerously rampant in many  
parts of the Empire the Government  
had as much to fear from internal dis-  
sent as from the enemies at her gates.  
Finding itself in these straits and un-  
able to cope with approaching difficulties,  
the Imperial Government has embarked  
upon this war while the advantages are  
not so greatly against the country as  
they would have been a decade hence.

But it was necessary in the first place  
that the campaign should be of such a  
nature as would dazzle the people and  
indemnify their patriotic zeal, thus re-  
storing internal homogeneity. Hence the  
"Day of the World" attitude and the  
adoption by the Kaiser of the role of  
martyr. Secondly, it was necessary to  
attack the western frontier with great  
energy. "Paris in a fortnight" seems  
to have been one of the prearranged  
events of the German time-table.  
The necessity for this was twofold:  
the Army was to obtain prestige by a  
succession of brilliant victories and be  
free to meet the Russian troops; the  
resources of France were to give fresh  
life to her own crippled financial con-  
dition. "Not five milliards this time,"  
bounced one German semi-official organ-  
late— "not five milliards this time, but  
more likely forty-five." To facilitate the  
execution of these plans a short cut was  
anticipated through Belgium. But she  
reckoned without her host.

Berlin has called an order for 3,000  
Parsons chains, to fit to motor cars en-  
gaged in military work across rough country.  
Roads to say the least are in a state of  
disrepair. The commission, Mr. W. J.  
Crampton, it may be added, the leading  
member of the firm, was himself a captain  
in the Army Motor Reserve up to the time  
of its disbandment by the War Office.

**DIPHTHERIA—HOW IT MAY BE  
AVOIDED.**  
DIPHTHERIA is usually contracted  
when the child has a cold. The cold  
preparates the child's system for the recep-  
tion and development of the diphtheria  
germ. When the symptoms of diphtheria  
in the neighborhood of children that have  
a cold should be kept at home and off the  
street until a cough and a few days of  
Berlin's Cough Remedy and they will not  
have to remain at home long. It is also  
out the children's room, which is in a  
child's room when it has a cold, and  
eliminate it by a few drops of Berli-  
n's Cough Remedy, by the children and  
parents.

## BUSINESS NOTICES

**MILKMAID**  
MEANS  
**STERILIZED**  
**SAFETY**  
**NATURAL**  
**MILK**  
**MICROBES**  
  
A Fresh Consignment of Half-size Tins  
has now arrived.  
Please apply to usual Stores.

## HONGKONG, CANTON, MACAO & WEST RIVER STEAMERS.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO  
STEAMBOAT CO., LTD., AND CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.  
**HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.**  
HONGKONG TO CANTON. CANTON TO HONGKONG.  
SATURDAY, 3rd OCTOBER.  
8 A.M. 'HONAM.' 8 A.M. 'HEUNGSHAN.'  
5 P.M. 'FATSHAN.' 5 P.M. 'KINSHAN.'

**HONGKONG-MACAO LINE.**  
S.S. 'SUI TAI' S.S. 'TAISHAN'  
HONGKONG TO MACAO  
Week days at 8 A.M. and 2 P.M. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf.  
Sundays at 8 A.M. and 12.30 P.M. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf.  
MACAO TO HONGKONG.  
Week days at 7.30 A.M. and 2 P.M. Sundays at 7.30 A.M. and 2 P.M.

**EXCURSION TO MACAO.**  
SUNDAY, 4th OCTOBER.  
The Company's Steamship "TAISHAN,"  
will depart from the COMPANY'S WING LOK STREET WHARF at 8 A.M.  
and return from Macao at 2 P.M.  
N.B.—The Company will also run a steamer from Macao on Sunday morning at  
7.30 A.M. and from Hongkong at 12.30 P.M. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf.

**FARES AS USUAL.**  
**CANTON-MACAO LINE.**  
S.S. 'SUI TAI'.  
Departures from Macao to Canton on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 9 P.M.  
Departures from Canton to Macao on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 4.30 P.M.  
**CANTON-WUCHOW LINE.**  
S.S. 'SAINAM', 568 Tons and S.S. 'NANSING', 565 Tons.  
One of the above steamers leaves Canton for Wuchow every Monday, Wednesday  
and Friday, at about 8 A.M. and the other leaves Wuchow for Canton on the  
days at 8.30 P.M. Round trips take about 6 days. Passengers can return to  
Hongkong or vice versa by the Company's direct Steamers 'LINTAN' and  
'SANDU'. These vessels have superior Cabin accommodation and are lighted  
throughout by electricity. Electric Fan in each Cabin.  
Booking Office open daily (Sundays excepted) 9 A.M. to 5 P.M.  
Further particulars may be obtained at the Office of the  
**HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.**  
**HOTEL MANSIONS (Front Plaza),**  
Opposite the Blake Pier.

**CHEN KWONG & Co., Ltd.**  
**GENERAL IMPORT & EXPORT.**  
**CANTON**  
**LARGE WHOLESALE & RETAIL**  
**FOURTH FLOOR.**  
FURNITURE, Draperies, Groceries,  
Boot and Shoes,  
Makers of Jewellery, Lacquerware,  
Crockery Ware,  
Ironmongery, Wine and spirits  
Foreign Clothes for gentlemen made to  
order by our own tailors.  
Large assortment of Chinese Silks and  
Foreign Goods of every description.  
All goods sold at reasonable prices.  
The Cheapest and Best place in Canton &  
Hongkong to buy Chinese and Foreign  
Goods.  
SUP. PAT. POO STREET  
Tel. No. 1400. CANTON and  
Nos. 287, 229, Des Voeux Road  
and No. 149, Greenough Street, Hongkong.  
Tel. No. 11.

**FRENCH LESSONS**  
**G. MOUSSON,**  
15, Morrison Hill Road.  
**SINGON & CO.**  
ESTABLISHED A.D. 1820.  
**IRON STEEL, METAL and HARD**  
**WARE MERCHANTS.** Wholesale  
and Retail Ironmongers, Pig Iron and  
Foundry Castings, General Store-  
keepers and Shipchangers. Nos. 35 and  
37, Hing Loong Street, (Red Street, west  
of Central Market) Telephone No. 515.  
Hongkong, September 4, 1914.  
If you happen to be lost your meals will  
be cheerfully and promptly served  
just the same. Only at the Hing Loong  
(Red Street) Street.

## BUSINESS NOTICES

**THE TAIKOO DOCKYARD AND  
ENGINEERING CO. OF  
HONGKONG, LTD.**  
TAIKOO DOCKYARD, HONGKONG.  
SHIPBUILDERS, SALVORS AND REPAIRERS, BOILERMAKERS, FORGE-  
MASTERS, BRASS AND IRON FOUNDRERS, CONSTRUCTIONAL,  
ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICAL ENGINEERS.  
WELDING AND CUTTING OF METALS BY OXY-ACETYLENE  
AND ELECTRIC SYSTEMS.  
Estimates given for quick construction and repair of Ships, Engines, Boilers, Railway  
Rolling Stock, Bridges, and all Classes of Engineering, Iron and Wood Work.  
GRAVING DOCK 787' x 88' x 37'  
Pumps empty Dock in 2 3/4 hours.  
THREE PATENT SLIPWAYS (being capable up to 3,000 tons displacement  
providing conditions for painting ships with most efficient results.  
100-Ton ELECTRIC CRANE ON QUAY—ELECTRIC OVERHEAD CRANES  
throughout the Shop ranging up to 100 Tons.  
50-Ton Hydraulic TESTING MACHINE for Chains, Wire Ropes, Tires, etc.  
AGENTS FOR:  
**JOHN I. THORNTON & CO., LTD.**  
PETROL & KEROSENE MARINE MOTORS 7-1/2 to 150 H.P.  
As supplied to the British Admiralty and War Office.  
MOTOR VESSELS, LIGHT DRAFT CARRIERS, GUNBOATS,  
LAUNCHES, HOUSEBOATS & PLEASURE CRAFT OF EVERY  
DESCRIPTION.  
MOTOR PUMPING & LIGHTING SETS, MOTOR VEHICLES, etc.  
Dockyard Manager can be seen between the hours of 11 a.m. and 12 noon at the  
Town Office.  
**BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.**  
HONGKONG, CHINA AND JAPAN AGENTS.  
Telegraphic Address: 'TAIKOODOCK' Telephone No. 513

**MEM CHEUNG**  
ART PHOTOGRAPHER.  
**CHILDREN'S PHOTOS**  
**A**  
**SPECIALITY.**  
NOTE ADDRESS:  
THE HOUSE HONGKONG.

**"MUMEYA"**  
"While-you-wait" Photography  
JUST ARRIVED FROM JAPAN A FULLY QUALIFIED ARTIST WITH  
APPARATUS AND MATERIALS WHICH CAN FINISH  
IN AN HOUR.  
"Special terms 30% reduction for Volunteers  
and all men in uniform."  
No. 8, Queen's Road Central.  
TELEPHONE No. 254.

**THE HONGKONG HOTEL**  
**AND**  
**GRILL ROOM**  
**J. E. TIGGART,**  
MANAGER.

**PEAK HOTEL.**  
ADIRABLY SITUATED AT YONGYU GAP.  
Adjoining the Tramway Terminus, 1,400 feet above Sea Level.  
A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY, RESIDENTIAL AND TOURISTS' HOTEL.  
Telephones in all rooms. First-class Dining, Lounge, Smoking and Ladies' Rooms.  
Spot Garden.  
Terms—From \$5 per day May  
Telegraph Add: 'Peak Hotel'  
P. O. PROXYER  
Manager.

**GRAND HOTEL.**  
NOTED FOR THE BEST, YOUR REFRESHMENTS, ACCOMMODATION  
AND CLEANLINESS.  
CUISINE UNDER EUROPEAN SUPERVISION.  
ELECTRIC LIGHT AND FAN THROUGHOUT.  
F. REICHMANN, Proprietor.

## BUSINESS NOTICES

A WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION for  
over THREE-QUARTERS of a CENTURY.  
**WILKINSON'S**  
SARSAPARILLA  
Pronounced by the HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES  
THE MOST WONDERFUL PURIFIER of the HUMAN BLOOD  
FOR THE TORPID LIVER, Debility, ERUPTIONS, &c.  
**WILKINSON'S** INDISPENSABLE TO  
SARSAPARILLA ALL WHO VALUE HEALTH  
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS AND SUBSTITUTES.  
HONGKONG: DAKIN, UNICORNSHANK & Co., A. S. WATSON & Co., &c.


**GREEN ISLAND CEMENT CO., LD.**  
**Portland Cement**

In Casks of 375 lbs. net.  
In Bags of 250 lbs. net.  
**Shewan, Tomes & Co.**  
GENERAL MANAGERS.

**"NESTOR"**  
**Sanitary Fluid.**  
**Reliable Disinfectant.**  
Two table-spoonsful to a gallon of water for washing  
floors, &c. is most useful for the Destruction of Fleas.  
PER PINT TIN ..... 50 CENTS  
PER GALLON TIN ..... \$2.00  
**VICTORIA DISPENSARY.**  
32, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

**HONGKONG TURKISH BATH & TOILET CO., LD.**  
OPENING DAY OCTOBER 1st.  
HOT, COLD, MEDICATED, TURKISH AND ELECTRIC BATHS OF  
EVERY DESCRIPTION FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.  
EXPERT MASSEURS, EXPERIENCED BARBERS AND  
HAIRDRESSERS.  
THE PUBLIC IS REQUESTED TO CALL AND INSPECT THESE BATHS.  
Queen's Road Central, Hongkong.

**NEW SHIPMENT**  
Government guaranteed 1st Grade Butter.  
Packed specially in Australia for us. Absolutely  
Best Imported. None Better quality made.  
75 cents per lb.  
FOR THE BEST OF EVERYTHING PROCURABLE IN ANY CLASS  
RESTAURANT IN THE EAST TRY THE  
**ALEXANDRA CAFE**

**ROURNVILLE**  
**COCOA**  
  
The Cocoa  
with the  
most delicious  
flavour.  
Made by  
**Cadbury's**  
from the  
finest Cocoa  
Huge up, Dec. 17, 1914.







**Hughes and Hough**  
 Auctioneers to the Government.  
 AND ADMIRALTY.  
 General Auctioneers  
 AND  
 Share, Coal and  
 General Brokers.  
 PROPRIETORS  
 "TO-KWA-WAN"  
 STORAGE.

Codes used:  
 A.B.C. and 5th Editions.  
 A.L. TELEGRAPHIC CODE.  
 Telegraphic Address  
 MERION HONGKONG.

**PUBLIC AUCTION.**  
 Under the authority of the  
 Hon. the Secretary of the  
 Public Auctions, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),  
 on  
**MONDAY,**  
 the 5th October, 1914, at 11 a.m., at  
 their Sales Rooms, No. 8,  
 Des Vaux Road, Corner of  
 Ice House Street,—  
 A QUANTITY OF  
**VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD**  
 FURNITURE,  
 Removed to Sale Rooms for Convenience  
 of Sale.

Including Piano by Decker and Sohn,  
 Stuttgart, Two Large Roll-top Desks,  
 Sewing Machine, and Two  
 Typewriters.  
 On view day, sale.  
 Terms:—As usual.  
**HUGHES & HOUGH,**  
 Auctioneers.  
 Hongkong, Sept. 28, 1914. 1047

**PUBLIC AUCTION.**  
 Under the authority of the  
 Hon. the Secretary of the  
 Public Auctions, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),  
 on  
**TUESDAY,**  
 the 6th October, 1914, commencing at  
 2.30 p.m. at their Sales Rooms,  
 No. 8, Des Vaux Road, Corner  
 of Ice House Street,—  
 A QUANTITY OF  
**VALUABLE TEAKWOOD AND**  
**BLACKWOOD FURNITURE,**  
 Comprising:—  
 TEAKWOOD—Dining and Drawing  
 Room Furniture, Upholstered Arm-chairs  
 and Sofas, Carpets and Rugs, Brass and  
 Brass-mounted Bedsteads, Bureaux, Ward-  
 robes, Washstands, &c., Sideboards,  
 Dinner Waggon, One Extension Dining  
 Table and Chairs, Ice Chests, etc., etc.,  
 and Dessert Services, Crockery,  
 Sundry Glass Ware, Cooking Stoves,  
 Kitchen Utensils, Cutlery, &c., Brass  
 Feeders and Fire Brasses.

Also  
 Wall Brackets, Inlaid Blackwood Trays,  
 Blackwood Folding Chairs, Cabinets,  
 Overmantels, Side Table, Desks, a variety  
 of Stands, etc., etc., and 2 Pianos in good  
 condition.  
 (Full Particulars from Catalogue.)  
 On view day of sale.  
 Terms:—As usual.  
**HUGHES & HOUGH,**  
 Auctioneers.  
 Hongkong, October 1, 1914 1055

**PUBLIC AUCTION.**  
 Under the authority of the  
 Hon. the Secretary of the  
 Public Auctions, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),  
 on  
**WEDNESDAY,**  
 the 7th October, 1914, commencing at  
 2.30 p.m., at his Residence, No. 2,  
 Canton Villas, Kowloon Road.  
 THE VALUABLE  
**HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,**  
 &c., &c., &c.  
 therein contained,  
 Comprising:—  
 Fitted Teak Dining Room Suite  
 (practically new), Card Tables, Ice Chest,  
 Upholstered Arm-chairs, Pictures, Carpets  
 and Rugs and a quantity of good Matting,  
 Large Dinner Service (complete), Glass  
 and Crockery Ware, &c., &c., Two Bed  
 Room Suites and Overmantels (Powell and  
 Lane Crawford) Brass-mounted Iron Bed-  
 steads, etc., Bathroom and Kitchen  
 Utensils.

Also  
 Upright Grand Piano, Overstrung, by  
 BROADBENT & Co., in good condition, Solid  
 Brass Feeders and Fire Brasses, Sundry  
 Blackwood Furniture, Electric Fittings,  
 Tennis Poles and Net, Plants in Pots, and  
 a quantity of Batten Furniture.  
 (Full Particulars from Catalogue.)  
 On view from 9 p.m. Oct. 1st.  
 Terms:—As usual.  
**HUGHES & HOUGH,**  
 Auctioneers.  
 Hongkong, Oct. 2, 1914. 1058

**DON'T Forget after the Show, Supper,  
 and Light Refreshments,  
 ALEXANDRA CAFE,  
 Open till Midnight.**

**KAMINIA OIL**  
 The World's Favourite Hair Oil.  
 For beautifying and increasing the growth of the  
 hair, for preventing its falling off, for restoring it to  
 its natural colour, for making it silky, pliant and  
 lustrous, and for keeping the brain cool and  
 refreshed. No other hair oil can approach it in  
 perfection. It has, besides, the most delicate and  
 charming perfume.

**HAVE YOU USED  
 KAMINIA OIL?**  
 (Registered.)  
 The World's Favourite Hair Oil.  
 For beautifying and increasing the growth of the  
 hair, for preventing its falling off, for restoring it to  
 its natural colour, for making it silky, pliant and  
 lustrous, and for keeping the brain cool and  
 refreshed. No other hair oil can approach it in  
 perfection. It has, besides, the most delicate and  
 charming perfume.

**A VISIT TO KRUPP'S.**  
 THE GERMAN SHEPHERD.  
 "When England is out of the Way."

It was my good fortune some time ago  
 to be permitted to visit the works of  
 Messrs. Krupp at Essen, which,  
 of course, have since been closed to Eng-  
 lishmen, writes "An Engineer" in The  
 Globe. In this gloomy and smoky town,  
 revealing Sheffield at its worst, is situated  
 this enormous group of workshops cen-  
 tered round the little original office, still  
 in existence, built about one hundred  
 years ago. The more recent of the mun-  
 dane men employed, of the number of  
 tons of steel turned out, or the area  
 covered by the works, would not be of  
 great interest and in any case can be  
 obtained from plenty of sources; but I  
 was struck with one remarkable fact,  
 which was that the financial policy of  
 the firm had been such that until a few  
 years ago all enlargements had been con-  
 structed out of revenue, and it was only  
 on the death of the late Krupp that more  
 capital had to be issued in order to pro-  
 vide for his widow. The great business,  
 in which the Kaiser himself is believed  
 to have a considerable interest, was left  
 to the two daughters, one of whom  
 married Herr von Bohlens, now known  
 as Krupp von Bohlens, the nominal head  
 of the works. The company keeps its  
 own hotel at Essen for its customers,  
 who come from all parts of the world,  
 and exercises true German hospitality  
 there by frequently at the end of the  
 visit telling the astonished guest that  
 he has nothing to pay.

**CRACKING THE SECRETS.**  
 While, however, the visitor has per-  
 fect liberty while in the hotel to do what  
 he likes, the position is very different  
 directly he gets inside the works. An  
 elaborate system of passes and of tele-  
 phonic communication exists between the  
 various parts of the works, by which  
 the passage of a party through the works  
 is recorded at the central office, while  
 the visitor is never, of course, left alone  
 for a minute. Each day that I went  
 through I was fortunate enough to be  
 taken by a director, but even he had no  
 power to take me into various shops  
 where artillery for foreign Governments  
 was being prepared.

The works are not entirely up to date.  
 There are many quite old shops and old  
 tools still employed, but there are other  
 shops which are larger and more com-  
 pletely equipped than any I have seen in  
 France or this country. For instance,  
 there are erecting shops in which four  
 towers with 15in. guns can be turned at  
 once.

As is usual in German works, one  
 finds a greater number of men employed  
 to do any given job than would be the  
 case here, and when compared with the  
 "American" shops the amount of labour  
 employed is even more striking. The  
 impression which I got confirmed that  
 which I had got from visiting many  
 other German works, that man for man  
 the working man of Germany is not so  
 clever as the French or American, and  
 does not get through nearly as much  
 work per hour as the English working  
 man, in spite of the fact that he is more  
 plodding. He lacks initiative and is  
 constantly waiting for instructions, which  
 he blindly carries out without the slight-  
 est interest in the end to be achieved.  
 The works are not entirely devoted to  
 munitions of war, but railway axes,  
 wheels, and steel blooms are made in  
 large quantities, and sold all over the  
 world.

**TO CRUSH ENGLAND.**  
 But it was not the processes in the  
 works themselves which left the most  
 vivid impression on my mind, for even  
 the thoroughness with which new inven-  
 tions were made or exploited by the staff

**LOSING WEIGHT  
 BY THE POUND**  
 "Under Weight," a condition  
 of ill-health, shows your assim-  
 ilative powers are decreasing.  
**WATERBURY'S  
 METABOLIZED  
 COD LIVER OIL  
 COMPOUND**  
 Supplies the blood with the  
 wanted nourishing and healthy  
 flesh building materials. Very  
 palatable.  
 OF ALL CHEMISTS  
 Prices: \$1.35 and \$2.25.

**HONGKONG CURE FOR  
 ASTHMA**  
 Over 10 years ago the late Lord  
 Beaconsfield testified to the benefits  
 derived from H.M.R.O.'S  
 CURE, and every postmaster  
 similar letters today.  
 Sold in tin by all  
 Chemists and Stores  
 throughout the Country.  
 Beware of imitations.

and 18th centuries, and England in the  
 18th and 19th centuries as the Great  
 Power in Europe. In the 20th century  
 we mean to make Germany the Great  
 Power. But we can only do this when  
 England is out of the way. We who  
 are at the head of affairs do not blame  
 England for making a large Navy, al-  
 though for the purpose of getting money  
 voted for our Navy we have naturally  
 excited the passions of the common  
 people. In some ways I admire the  
 ideals of England more than those of  
 Germany, but on the whole we consider  
 that you are right. Just as you built  
 up your empire on the wrecks of those  
 of Spain and Portugal and France, so we  
 hope to build up ours on the wreck of  
 your Empire, as your hands are becom-  
 ing too weak to grasp it. What about  
 the socialist opposition in Germany? I  
 said, "which is constantly growing?"  
 "That only counts in time of peace,"  
 he said, "when war is in the air you  
 will find the German Socialist is as good  
 as a German as anybody else, whereas  
 the same cannot be said of the Socialist in  
 Great Britain. Practically all Germans  
 think first and foremost in moments of  
 crisis of their country. In England  
 people always think first and foremost  
 of their ideas. The former practical  
 Englishman has become the idealist and  
 the formerly sentimental German has  
 become the practical person."

**SENTIMENT AND BUSINESS.**  
 "How about the Slav opposition to  
 German world empire?" "That," he  
 said, "is an important matter, but not  
 so important as the opposition of Eng-  
 land. If we can take these two obstacles  
 separately Germany can beat both, and  
 we hope that our diplomats will so ar-  
 range matters that we can do so."  
 "Then," I said, "you do not believe in  
 the idea of an Anglo-German alliance  
 against the rest of the world?" "That,"  
 he said, "is a good talking point, and  
 I see that some of your papers have been  
 urging it, but," and he laughed, "I am  
 afraid even in England you are not  
 enough fools to believe in that." "Eng-  
 land," I said, "prevented Spain and pre-  
 vented Napoleon from dominating Eu-  
 rope, and it is our belief that it will  
 prevent anybody else from so doing."  
 He replied, "England in those days  
 was united and things were different."  
 "But," I replied, "what about Ger-  
 many's gratitude to us for assistance  
 against Napoleon, and our neutrality in  
 the Franco-Prussian war? Without the  
 assistance of England, Germany could  
 hardly have been born." "Gratitude,"  
 he replied, "gratitude, my friend, you  
 are again mixing up sentiment and  
 business. Our settlement with Eng-  
 land is a matter of business, not senti-  
 ment. We admire your Empire so  
 much that we want to get some of it for  
 ourselves." "That remains to be seen,"  
 I replied.

**ENGLAND OUT OF THE WAY.**  
 "The Germans," he said, "used to  
 be looked upon as sentimental people,  
 and to some extent this still applies to  
 the South Germans, but whatever sen-  
 timents the Prussians possess are not  
 allowed to interfere with policy in any  
 way, and are in fact utilized by the Ger-  
 man Government in order to forward their  
 policy. I, personally, have an enormous  
 admiration for what England has done in  
 the past. I admire her methods and in  
 fact my son is at school at C. (men-  
 tioning one of our leading public schools)  
 at the present time. We admire your  
 Navy immensely, just as we admire your  
 sense of sport. It is because we admire  
 those things that we propose to beat you  
 at them. Just as there was Spain in the  
 16th century and France in the 17th

The rush by German residents in  
 London for naturalization as British sub-  
 jects is so great that the price of the  
 necessary forms has been increased from  
 2s. 6d. to 3s. One Glancery lane stationer  
 has sold out, and informed an applicant he  
 was unable to renew his stock. The price  
 may be doubled in a few days.

Canada's artillery force will, it is  
 declared by military experts, compare  
 very favourably, both in equipment and  
 efficiency with British or French artil-  
 lery. The guns are all modern, and the  
 equipment is of recent purchase. The  
 16-pounders have a range of from two to  
 three miles, while the 60-pounders will  
 carry seven miles. Canadian ammu-  
 nition, which is of the same standard as  
 the British ammunition, will be used.

**A SHORT WAR.**  
**ECONOMIC PRESSURE.**  
 Some Home Views.  
 There have been many opinions ex-  
 pressed as to how the great war is likely  
 to last, and the views on the point of  
 two of the leading Home papers, The  
 Times and The Observer, may prove of  
 great interest at the present juncture.  
 The military correspondent of The Times  
 writes in mail week as follows:—  
 The question how long this great war  
 is likely to last interests every soul in  
 Europe, but it is astonishing to see how  
 wide apart are the different estimates.  
 From three weeks to three years have  
 been suggested as the probable duration  
 of the contest, with every variety of in-  
 termediate estimate, and it is evident  
 that few people have given the matter  
 much serious thought.

"We are quite accustomed to drag-  
 ging wars which go on for years. We  
 are generally unready for war, and in  
 our Colonial wars it does not usually  
 matter whether we strike soon or late.  
 The enemy, as a rule, is not in a posi-  
 tion to make us pay very heavily for  
 unreadiness, so we take our time to mul-  
 dle through."  
 "But this war, this whirlpool of war,  
 in which we are suddenly engulfed,  
 stands in a different category altogether.  
 We must regard it from the German  
 point of view because Germany has been  
 the aggressor and will be the pacemaker.  
 For Germany a long dragging war  
 is sheer disaster. Her position be-  
 tween two great and hostile military  
 States, the closing of the sea, and the  
 paralysis of her whole maritime indus-  
 tries, together with the dangers which  
 her overseas colonies will incur, absolutely  
 prohibit any German from thinking of a  
 dragging war. There are certainly four  
 millions of Germans in arms, and the  
 struggle would be more desperate."

**SUFFERERS FROM  
 Skin & Blood Diseases**  
 Such as Eczema, Scrofula, Scoury,  
 Bad Legs, Abscesses, Ulcers,  
 Glandular Swellings, Boils,  
 Pimples, Sores, Eruptions,  
 Piles, Blood Poison, Rheuma-  
 tism, Gout, &c., should at once  
 realize that outward applications, such  
 as lotions, ointments, so-called balms,  
 &c., though they may give relief for the  
 time being, DO NOT CURE. The  
 trouble lies deeper—in the blood. These  
 complaints are the result of clogging  
 impurities in the blood—and so can be  
 permanently cured only by thoroughly  
 purifying the blood.

**Clarke's  
 Blood  
 Mixture**  
 The Editor of the "Family Doctor,"  
 London's "popular" Medical Weekly  
 writes: "We have seen lots of letters  
 bearing testimony to the truly wonderful  
 cures effected by Clarke's Blood Mixture.  
 It is the finest Blood Purifier that  
 Science and Medical Skill have brought  
 to light, and we can with the utmost  
 confidence recommend it to our sub-  
 scribers and the public generally."

**HONGKONG & WHAMPOA DOCK Co., Ltd.**  
 TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS: "MANIFESTO" HONGKONG  
 Codes Used: A.L. A.B.C. Fifth Edition, Engineering First and Second Editions, Western Union, and Walsley's  
 Dock Owners, Ship Builders, Marine and Land Engineers, Boiler Makers,  
 Iron and Brass Founders, Forge Masters, Electricians.  
**ACETYLENE CUTTING AND WELDING FOR SHIP AND BOILER REPAIR.**  
 Modern up-to-date plant operated by our own specially trained  
 workmen under expert European supervision.  
 All classes of light steel work manufactured by the above process.  
 Tanks, Drums, Ventilators, Pipes, &c., &c.

**D.J. Collis Browne's  
 Chlorodyne**  
 THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.  
 The Best Remedy known for  
**COUGHS, COLDS,  
 ASTHMA,  
 BRONCHITIS.**  
 Acts like a charm in  
**DIARRHÆA, DYSENTERY, and CHOLERA.**  
 Chlorodyne is a liquid taken in drops, graduated according to the malady. It invariably  
 relieves pain of whatever kind; creates a calm refreshing sleep; allays irritation  
 of the nervous system when all other remedies fail; leaves no bad effects;  
 and can be taken when no other medicine can be tolerated.  
**CONVINCING MEDICAL TESTIMONY WITH EACH BOTTLE.**  
 Now Genuine without the words Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne on the Stamp.  
 Sold by all Chemists.  
 Price in Cans:  
 1/11, 2/9, 4/6.  
 Sole Manufacturers:  
 J.T. HAVENPORT, Ltd.,  
 London, E.C.

**K WLOON-CANTON RAILWAY.**  
 Time Table from 1st October 1914.

OUT		IN	
Kowloon	6.56	7.42	9.40
Hung Hom	6.54	7.40	9.38
Yau Ma Tei	6.52	7.38	9.36
Sha Tin	7.10	10.02	11.48
Fai Po	7.23	10.22	12.02
Fai Po Market	7.27	10.27	12.07
Fan Ling	7.36	10.37	12.16
Shuang Shui	7.39	10.40	12.20
Shum Chuan	7.44	10.45	12.25
Canton	11.20	6.05	6.55

\*Will stop at Shuang Shui on notice being given to the guard at Kowloon.

**Sha Tau Kok Branch.**

OUT		IN	
Fan Ling	Dep. 6.05	8.20	12.30
Sha Tau Kok	Arr. 7.00	9.15	1.25

**Sha Tau Kok Branch.**

OUT		IN	
Sha Tau Kok	Dep. 7.10	9.25	1.45
Fan Ling	Arr. 8.10	10.25	2.45

**ECONOMIC REASONS.**  
 "But our reasons for thinking that  
 six months and perhaps a shorter period  
 should see the end of it are chiefly econ-  
 omic. The cost is stupendous now, and  
 for Germany we believe will soon be  
 found to be insupportable. A couple of  
 million men at the least have got to be  
 fed and supplied in every way. In Ger-  
 many more than in any other country  
 the working of the railways is devoted  
 to military traffic. The bulk of the im-  
 port trade is stopped altogether. Im-  
 ports of raw materials and food have  
 ceased or are severely reduced. All  
 ocean shipping is suspended. The suffer-  
 ings of the whole working population will  
 be worse than in any other country, Aus-  
 tria, not excepted—far worse than in  
 agriculture, Russia, or in France, for  
 whom the British Navy keeps the seas  
 open."  
 "It is an utterly different Germany  
 from that of 1870, and the trials to  
 which it seems condemned are frightful.  
 There is hardly anything, on the other  
 hand, with which Germany supplies us  
 that we cannot make ourselves or buy  
 elsewhere, while the loss of her large  
 purchases of our goods will be made up  
 to a great extent, and perhaps wholly,  
 by our increased exports to the two  
 neighbouring countries with which we  
 are allied and to neutral markets near  
 and far. It is almost certain, if the  
 early stages of the war do not pursue a  
 course very favourable to German arms,  
 that this situation will not be endured  
 by the German people, so grievously  
 misled by its bureaucratic rulers: If  
 German victories at the outset had the  
 inevitable effect of prolonging the strug-  
 gle the Kaiser's subjects—certain what-  
 ever else happens to claim in future a  
 fuller control of their own destinies—  
 would soon perceive that they can gain  
 no advantage proportionate to the pro-  
 digious sacrifices required of them. These  
 are amongst our reasons for believing  
 that the length of this war will in no  
 way be in proportion to the magnitude of  
 the struggle."



## A. S. WATSON &amp; CO., LTD.

ESTABLISHED 72 YEARS.

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

WATSON'S

## Very old liqueur Scotch Whisky.

Our Celebrated Very old Liqueur Scotch Whisky is a blend of the best Pot Distilled Scotch Whiskies. It is of great age, very fine, and mellow. Its superior quality has established its reputation as THE LEADING SCOTCH WHISKY IN THE EAST.

## WATSON'S E BRANDY

Finest very old BROWN BRANDY Guaranteed 25 years age, in wood. The finest Brandy on the market.

## WILLIAM POWELL LTD.

LTD.

TEL 346

## LADIES' BOOTS

AND

## SHOES

A SPECIALITY.

AN UNIQUE ASSORTMENT

OF THE LATEST MODELS

FROM THE LEADING

PRODUCERS

OF Ladies' First-Class

FOOT-WEAR.

WM. POWELL LTD.

## THE DIARY

## MEMO. FOR TO-DAY

9 p.m.—Dinner at Victoria Theatre.

## MEMO. FOR TO-MORROW

8 a.m.—Excursion to Macao.

## MEMOS. FOR MONDAY

11.30 a.m.—Full Moon.  
11 a.m.—Auction of Furniture at Messrs. Hughes and Hough's.  
3 p.m.—Sale of Crown Land at P.W.D. Performance at Bijou Theatre for Prince of Wales Fund.  
Technical Institute Evening Classes Commence.

## General Memoranda.

TUESDAY, October 6:—

2.30 p.m.—Sale of Teakwood and Blackwood Furniture etc., at Messrs. Hughes and Hough's.

WEDNESDAY, October 7:—

2.30 p.m.—Auction of Furniture at Messrs. Hughes and Hough's.

SATURDAY, October 10:—

12.15 p.m.—Dairy Farm Co's Meeting. Amateur Boxing Tournament at City Hall.

FRIDAY, October 16:—

Birthdays of Confucius.

MONDAY, October 19:—

Lady May opens French Convent Sale of Work.

WEDNESDAY, October 21:—

Trafalgar Day (1805).

## THE EDWARD DISPENSARY

O. KAMMING &amp; Co., Ltd.

Chemists and Druggists.

## GREAT REDUCTIONS IN PRICES.

PRESCRIPTIONS ACCURATELY DISPENSED.

Pure Drugs, Patent Medicines, &amp;c.

2A, QUEEN'S ROAD, HONGKONG.

Reduced July 27, 1913.

long since been compelled to abandon their dream of reaching Paris, are now using all the heavy projectiles that were to be used in the siege of the capital. Antwerp, therefore, is being defended most gallantly against tremendous onslaughts, and it says much for the efficiency of the brave Belgians that the Antwerp forts, like the forts at Liege and Namur, are holding out so splendidly. In every respect, the troops of the Allies are giving an excellent account of themselves and are slowly but surely bringing about that complete defeat which the arrogance of the Prussians so richly deserves.

## NEWS OF THE DAY.

## LOCAL AND GENERAL.

The 1st of Victoria will preach at 11 a.m. tomorrow at St. Paul's Chinese Church and at St. John's Cathedral at 5.45 p.m.

The night school, opens its winter session on Monday next. Candidates should communicate with Mr. R. E. O. Hall at Queen's College for entry forms, etc.

The total output of the Kien Yang Ammunition Works for the week ending Sept. 19 amounted to 41,365.25 tons, the sales during the period to 43,510.51 tons.

By means of a forged order a Chinese named Yak Sang obtained from a shopkeeper at 28 La Yuen Street, brass rods and piping to the value of \$15 and absconded.

The Colony's revenue for July amounted to \$1,085,290.60 and the expenditure to \$829,400.41. There remained on July 31st a balance of assets over liabilities of \$2,250,845.50.

At Tuesday's meeting of the Sanitary Board will be read a letter from Government relative to Mr. Golding's motion concerning the suggested exemption of Sanitary Inspectors from military duties.

On Monday night the performance at the Bijou Theatre will be for the benefit of the Prince of Wales' Fund. There will be a splendid assortment of pictures and a special feature will be the Orient String Band.

The body of a man named Yang Hoang has been found in a stream in the Au Tau district. Deceased, who was slightly drowned, is believed either to have committed suicide or fallen into the stream accidentally. There were no suspicious circumstances.

A Chinese who was charged before Mr. Wood this morning with the theft of an umbrella, told the Magistrate that he borrowed the umbrella from a friend. He went home and the next morning found that he had not enough money to continue his purchase of sugar cane so he pawned the umbrella and kept the money. He was fined \$5 or seven days.

The Peak Rifle Range being closed for repairs, the conclusion of the shoot for the championship trophy and commences Monday for the competition for the P. H. Holyoak Memorial Cup in connection with the Peak Special Police will not take place until Saturday, October 10th. Members will parade for dress as usual on Mondays and Thursdays at 5.30 p.m. sharp.

Messrs. Lloyd, Matheson & Currie, of London and Liverpool, in their Weekly Tea Report of August 27 state regarding the China market:—There is a steady demand for black lead Congos about 500 at 7 1/2 per lb. In the finer grades there has been less doing this week. Frochow.—A few medium to fine Soucheongs have changed hands at 1 1/2 to 1 5/8, while Panyongs are selling rather slow of sale. Siftings are in request, and sales are reported at 5d. at 6 per lb.

A Chinese woman living at 576 Queen's Road West has reported to the Police that last night a man came to her house and took her to a restaurant in Connaught Road West where they had another man. After sitting for about 15 minutes in a room on the second floor, one of the men suddenly seized her by the throat and assaulted her. The other man wrenched from her wrist a pair of gold bangles valued at \$150. She shouted out "Save life" and the two men ran away. One of them has since been arrested, but the property has not been recovered.

Yesterday a Chinese entered the premises of Messrs. Muhs and Co., Paddar Street. As he was about to leave the shop, he was observed by one of the employees to be in possession of a silver hand-bag valued at \$100. On looking round and discovering that his movements were being watched the man quietly put the hand-bag back on the counter. He had taken it from a closed shop case. Mr. Muhs had the man held on this morning on a charge of larceny and sentenced him to one month's imprisonment with four hours' stocks.

CHILDREN'S COLDS.

BY let the children pick their little bodies in such a disgusting manner when you can so easily cure their colds with a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. For sale by all Chemists and Dispensaries.

## HONGKONG VOLUNTEER CORPS.

CORPS ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL. A. CHAPMAN, V.D.

O.C.s. will collect as early as possible and forward to the Staff Officer for reception all the "Alarm" lists in possession of men of their units together with a statement of any changes of addresses or telephones.

JOINTS.

The following men having joined the Corps have been posted as follows:—

Pte. P. Keyser to Civil Service Company.

Pte. W. Thomson to Stretchers Bearer Section.

Sapper J. C. Saunders to Engineer Company.

Pte. A. J. Denays to Scouts Company.

Pte. D. Davies, to Stretchers Bearer Section.

Pte. H. A. Stokes to Scouts Company.

Pte. F. J. Rodrigues to Signalling Section.

Pte. C. H. Chaves to Signalling Section.

Sapper R. Pass to Engineer Company.

Sapper G. Rod to Engineer Company.

Pte. W. H. Jenkins to Civil Service Company.

TRANSFER.

Gr. C. Mackay is transferred from R.K.V.R. and posted to No. 2 Section Artillery Battery.

LEAVE.

Sergeant R. F. Chapman is granted leave of absence from 21st Sept. 1914, to 20th Sept. 1915.

Private R. Henderson is granted leave of absence from 2nd Oct. 1914, to 2nd Oct. 1915.

Private A. D. Hooker is granted leave of absence from 29th Sept. 1914, to 28th Jan. 1915.

PARADES.

Parades for tomorrow, Sunday, 4th inst., nil.

Parades for Monday, 5th inst.:—

8 a.m.—One Section Scouts Company—Aiming Drill and Marksmanship Instruction under Sergeant-Major Murphy. D.C.L.I. Remainder Group 2 under Company Officers.

5.45 p.m.—Group 1 and 2 parade at Volunteer Headquarters for lecture by Col. Moberly, 45th Punjab.

DETAILS.

On duty tomorrow, Sunday, 4th inst., Group 3.

Officers on duty, Lieut. Hutchison, 2nd Lieut. Wright and 2nd Lieut. Swire. Orderly Officer, 2nd Lieut. Swire.

On duty Monday, 5th inst., Group 1 and Civil Service Company.

Officers on duty, Capt. Scott, Capt. Churchill and Lieut. Kennett.

Orderly Officer, Lieut. Kennett.

To furnish Guard to-night, Centre Section, M.G. Co.; to-morrow, No. 1 Section Artillery Battery; Monday, 6th inst., No. 2 Section Artillery Battery.

Orderly Sergeant to-night, Sergeant Cooper; to-morrow, Sergeant Crawford; Monday, 5th inst., Sergeant Frith.

HONGKONG VOLUNTEER RESERVES.

PARADES.

Tuesday, the 6th October, Nov. 1, 2 and 3 Companies at 5 p.m.

LECTURE.

All Officers of Reserves and N.C.O.s above the rank of Corporal will attend at Volunteer Headquarters for lecture at 5.45 p.m. on Monday, 5th inst.

AN ECHO OF THE "TAI ON" PIRACY.

Seventeen Pirates Shot.

We are officially informed that seventeen of the pirates concerned in the "Tai On" piracy in April last were recently tried at Canton and sentenced to be shot. The sentence was carried out at the East Gate, Canton, at noon on the 22nd September, 1914.

THE KO-SHING THEATRE.

The proprietors of the Ko-Shing theatre set apart the gross receipts of yesterday's performances—which continued all night as well—to the Prince of Wales' Fund. H.E. General Kelly, Mrs. Kelly and Miss Kelly attended the evening performances. There was a full house.

MURDERER'S CONFESSION.

Probably without a precedent in this country, says the "Times of Malaya," was the conviction and sentence at Telipin Assize of a murderer who had pleaded guilty without evidence being taken. Usually, even when a man pleads guilty to a charge of murder, evidence is taken by the judge to ascertain if there are any mitigating circumstances. But in this case the man's confession, and the answers he made to questions put to him by the judge, made it useless to call evidence, counsel for the accused, Mr. F. F. Howitt, agreeing to this course. When it was planned to the prisoner that he must be convicted and sentenced to death he answered: "I expect in the meantime to get good food in jail." He was sentenced to death.

SUNSHINE AND COMMON SENSE.

DOX doctor your blood for rheumatism. Use an external application of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. In a few days it will get you up and out into the sunshine, then nature will restore the rich red blood to your veins and you will be free from the troubles of rheumatism. For sale by all Chemists and Dispensaries.

## SCOTTISH LETTER.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

Edinburgh, August 27.  
"JIMMY GRISON."

The late General Grierson was a Glasgow man by family, birth, and education, and when at Glasgow Academy had General Sir Archibald Hunter as one of his schoolmates. A Scot of the Scotch, "Jimmy," as he was familiarly called, had steady blue eyes and fair hair and broad face and forehead that were almost absurdly Celtic. Nobody knew more of the old Scottish songs by heart, nobody better loved—both words and music—the beautiful old Scots psalms and paraphrases. On very intimate occasions he liked to have them played to him, standing before the fire while, and singing for them by name, say, for "O God of Bethel" or "I to the hills will lift mine eyes," that battle song of at least one Scottish regiment. His great chance came on the outbreak of the war. Whether or not I shall justify your confidence, he wrote to a friend in Scotland in a few days ago, "at least I have attained the ambition of my lifetime, I shall command a British army in the field."

General Grierson, says a writer in the "Times," had foreseen and prepared for many years past for the struggle with Germany. During the China expedition of 1900 he was attached to the staff of Field Marshal von Waldersee, who, it will be remembered, the Emperor William succeeded, by the most audacious methods, in jockeying the other countries to recognize his generalship of the expedition. General Grierson's post was a singularly delicate and unpleasant one for, with the South African War on our hands, we had to put up as best we could with the bitter anti-British feelings displayed by the German expeditionary force—all the more unexpected after the hearty comradeship which had prevailed during the first abortive attempt to relieve the Peking Legation between the German and British naval detachments under Admiral Seymour. Grierson, who had been very popular as military attaché at Berlin, saw for the first time in China the enemy of German militarism. He saw not only how largely the German was imbued with Anglophobia, but also how brutal German officers and soldiers could be on foreign service.

The German expeditionary force arrived too late to take part in the relief of the Legation, but it lost no opportunity of following up to the letter the Kaiser's parting injunction to "spread wherever they went the terror of the German name, so that no Chinaman would ever again venture to look askance at a German."

His one consolation was to see how clumsy the German expeditionary force invariably showed itself in the actual business of the campaign, and how miserably it succumbed to the Chinese in adapting itself, even in its field manoeuvres at Peking, to the exigencies of modern warfare. The writer of the article was at Peking at the time, and he remembers Grierson remarking to him how lucky it was for the Germans that their marching expeditions over Northern China, they had found themselves face to face with Boers but only with a Chinese rabble.

HIGHLAND ROYALTY.

Cameroon of Leitch has been commissioned to raise a new battalion of the Cameron Highlanders, the nucleus of which will be a detachment of his own old battalion.

Leitch will be followed by representatives of the leading clans of the Highlands, and will form a complete unit of the Highland Brigade. Companies and platoons will be organized according to local districts, so that men from the same district will be sent to form a company.

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## HONGKONG HOTEL CO., LTD.

THE NEW ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION.

An extraordinary general meeting of shareholders in the Hongkong Hotel Co., Ltd., was held at noon today for the purpose of approving new articles of association. Mr. F. Maitland presided and there were also present Messrs. Ellis, Kadoorie, J. W. C. Bonnar (directors), J. H. Taggart (acting secretary), Ho Tung, J. E. Raymond, Lai Chan, E. M. Raymond, Shu Po Shum, G. T. Lloyd, W. Logan and T. Gibbs.

The Chairman explained that the meeting was called to confirm the resolution which was passed at the extraordinary meeting held on the 12th September having for its object the substitution of a new set of Articles of Association for the existing ones. As the matter was dealt with at the previous meeting, he did not think it necessary to enter into further explanation. He proposed a resolution giving effect to this change, which was accepted by Mr. Ho Tung and carried.

THE MOON AND FORESTS.

Not since grouse and blackgame shooting became recognized seasonal sports, has the month of August been so quiet in the Highlands as for the last few years. Not a better time in better condition, but on the twelfth few sportsmen went after the grouse, and the weather was not so good as it has been since. The moon and the forests are the stars of the month, and the moon and the forests are the stars of the month, and the moon and the forests are the stars of the month.

IMPRISONED HIGHLANDERS.

I have heard only one grumble among the British troops, and that is when there is any delay in going to the front, says the "Scottish Times." One Highland regiment has had a number of companies sent from the front. They have been sent back to the front, and they are still there. By the same token they are among all the regiments who have passed through Boulogne, the most sure that they are just the men to "give a wee bit stiffen" to the French troops. They are to go to the front, and they are to go to the front, and they are to go to the front.

THE BURNS FEDERATION CONFERENCE.

The Burns Federation Conference, which was to be held in London next month, has been postponed till September 25, 1915. If the war had not made such a deep necessity, this year's meeting would have been held in London. The interest in the Burns Federation is growing, and the Burns Federation is growing, and the Burns Federation is growing.

THE GLENMIDDEL MSS. IN EDINBURGH.

The Glenmiddel MSS. of the poet Burns are now lodged in Edinburgh. Mr. Currie, of Cambridge, who has had them in his keeping for some time, waited on Lord Provost Leitch in Edinburgh, and formally handed the MSS. over. There was no ceremony. It is understood that the MSS. are insured for a very large sum.

CRANWELL'S TROOPS.

In going through the records of the Northern Counties of Scotland, says a writer in the "Glasgow Herald," one is impressed with the fact that the commonwealth troops were not altogether the saints that they are supposed to have been in the popular imagination. They were a people of discipline was exercised by those in authority, but, notwithstanding, the flesh and the devil proved too strong even for Cranwell's firm hand. Professor Firth tells us that robbery, house-stealing, and other crimes were very common among the commonwealth troops. They were a people of discipline was exercised by those in authority, but, notwithstanding, the flesh and the devil proved too strong even for Cranwell's firm hand.

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## OCCASIONAL NOTES.

Hongkong has not had the terrible consequences of war made evident in such a vivid manner as people at Home. Most of the young men of the Colony, and not a few of the old ones, have discarded white for khaki, and there is much drilling and



# BY TELEGRAPH.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail)

## THE PROGRESS OF THE WAR

### THE STRUGGLE IN FRANCE.

#### "GENERAL IMPRESSION REMAINS SATISFACTORY"

##### BOMBARDMENT OF ANTWERP FORTS.

##### GERMANS DEFEATED IN BELGIUM.

##### RUSSIAN OPERATIONS DEVELOPING BRILLIANTLY.

German Retreat Precipitately.

London, Oct. 2, 11.50 a.m.

A Petrograd message says the Russian operations are developing brilliantly.

A communiqué announces that the enemy continues to be driven from the borders of the Suwalki and Lomza governments of Russian Poland, the fighting being especially determined west of Simono.

The Germans who attacked Ossowetz are retreating precipitately northward.

The enemy is massing forces in the Petrokoff and Kielec districts (Russian Poland), but the Russian cavalry is frustrating the enemy's movements by vigorous attacks.

##### THE STRUGGLE IN FRANCE.

Allies' Slow But Steady Progress.

London, Oct. 2, 2.20 a.m.

The following official announcement was issued at Paris at 11 p.m.:

"There is nothing particular reported except from the Roye region, where a violent engagement fortunately turned in our favour, and from Argonne where we made some fresh progress."

##### THE FIGHTING IN BELGIUM.

An Artillery Duel.

London, Oct. 2, 2.40 a.m.

At Antwerp the Germans bombarded the Forts all Wednesday night. The Forts replied vigorously, and the artillery duel continued till morning along the whole front of Fort Walchem, which was the chief object of the Germans' attentions.

##### Bombardment of Antwerp Forts.

3.40 a.m.

It is officially reported from Antwerp that after a prolonged cannonade yesterday the enemy in the evening advanced against Fort Walchem. The darkness rendered the attack abortive. Some German batteries in the course of the day ventured too near to the forts and were demolished.

##### GERMANS ENTER MALINES.

The Germans re-entered Malines, which the Belgians bombarded.

##### FIGHTING SOUTH OF RUMPT.

German Retreat in Disorder.

There was a 24 hours' fight to the south of Rumpst. The Germans retired in disorder, leaving many killed and wounded.

##### INFLATED FOOD PRICES.

Compradore Heavily Fined.

The first prosecution under the proclamation fixing the maximum prices at which various articles of food may be sold in the Colony came on at the Police Court this morning, when Yang Pak Ping, of the Kwong Long compradore shop, 66, Des Voeux Road Central, appeared to answer charges.

The Crown Solicitor (Mr. P. M. Hodgson), prosecuted on behalf of the Government, and the Colonial Treasurer (Mr. E. D. C. Wolff) watched the case. Defendant appeared in person. Evidence was given by Sanitary Inspector Watson, who laid the complaint, of the purchase of two articles of provisions, for which defendant charged more than the maximum allowed in the schedule of the proclamation.

Defendant was convicted and fined \$25 on each charge, with the option of one month's imprisonment.

##### CHAMBERLAIN'S PAIN BALM.

There is nothing so good for muscular rheumatism, sprains, lacerations, cramps, and all other ailments as Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It will effect a cure in any time, and any other remedy will fail.

# BY TELEGRAPH.

## STRAITS SETTLEMENTS' FINANCE 8.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

SINGAPORE, Oct. 2.

In his annual budget speech to the Legislative Council His Excellency the Governor, Sir Arthur Young, K.C.M.G., stated that at the end of 1913 the Colony's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$15,000,000, but balances are steadily being locked up, and the Council must be prepared to economise. The opium revenue largely exceeded the estimate, on account of the vagaries of price, but there is no question of increased consumption, which was 11.1 per cent. less than in 1912.

His Excellency expressed his recognition of the way in which the Colonists had acted since the outbreak of war, which he was confident would result in the success of the Allies.

Reuter's Service to the China Mail.

##### SEQUEL TO THE DUBLIN RIOTS.

London, Oct. 1.

The Royal Commission which was appointed to inquire into a gun-running affair which occurred in Ireland on July 26th are unanimous that the Police and the Military were illegally employed and that Assistant Police Commissioner Harrell was alone responsible, but the Commission also blames General Cuthbert for complying with Assistant Commissioner Harrell's call, as there was no ground for military intervention.

(The incident dealt with referred to the collision between some Nationalist Volunteers who were returning to Dublin after a successful gun-running feat at Howth, and the soldiers and police. Subsequently the soldiers being mobbed in Dublin, fired upon the crowd, four persons being killed and forty injured.—Ed.)

## WAR NEWS.

A Pall Mall Gazette correspondent states that our sending thirty-six aeroplanes across the Channel one morning by air without mishap surprised the previous combined flights. The whole thirty-six with their motor cars and reserve party are now with the Expeditionary Force.

##### BRITISH CASUALTIES.

London, Sept. 17, 5.40 p.m.

Lieutenant Percy Wyndham, son of Countess Grosvenor, has been killed in action.

The Press Bureau announces that the killed include Colonel Sir E. Brifford, a Major, Captains G. Springfield, B. Stewart of the West Kent Yeomanry, the last named being connected with the famous espionage case.

Wounded are: Colonel J. Geddes, who rejoined, and Major L. Burder.

##### GENERAL GRIERSON'S FUNERAL.

The body of General Sir James M. Grierson, the British military commander who died on a railroad train in France recently, was buried in the Necropolis, Glasgow.

A crowd of fifty thousand lined the way from the Drill Hall to the cathedral. Representatives of the naval and military establishments attended the burial ceremony.

##### STRONG SERVICE TRIBUTE TO LORD HALDANE.

In the course of a fine tribute to Lord Haldane, the "United Service Gazette" says:

"These modern mobilisation regulations are an innovation in England, and are in a great measure due to the wonderful foresight of a man who last week was roundly abused in our chief daily papers because he had been attending the War Office on various occasions. We refer to the most able of War Ministers England has ever had—Lord Haldane. Some writers even accused him of being imbued with German feelings because he was partly educated in that country, and entirely overlooked the fact that the knowledge of his lordship acquired during his period of his subsequent visits to Berlin enabled him to perfect our own war preparations when he assumed the onerous post of War Secretary."

"Memories are proverbially short, or the lay writer would have recalled how two or three years ago Mr. Haldane, as he then was, had an opportunity of studying all the details of the German military organisation, and was thus able to reorganise our own War Office on similar up-to-date lines. But for the knowledge thus acquired, the speedy mobilisation of our forces last week would never have been effected."

"It was because we were aware of the benefit Lord Haldane had conferred on the Empire that we welcomed the report that he had reassumed the reins of power at Whitehall. The clamour of irresponsible scribbles has led to the temporary appointment of Lord Kitchener as Secretary for War, to appease a so-called public demand, but it will probably occur to the lay Press that Lord Kitchener will not be able to do so better work on the battlefield than from an armchair at the War Office."

"The man to circumvent the German plans is the one who has had the unique advantage of studying them, and that man is Viscount Haldane."

##### IT NEVER FAILS.

CHAMBERLAIN'S Colic, Cholera, and Diarrhoea Remedy is all the name implies. It cures diarrhoea and dysentery in either children or adults, and the most violent cases of cramp colic or pain in the stomach give way to a few doses of this medicine. Safe, sure, always cures. For sale by all Chemists and Druggists.

## WAR NEWS.

### BERLINERS DEMAND TRUTH FROM OFFICIALS.

London, September 18, 9.15 a.m.

British news is filtering into Berlin. The people there refuse any longer to believe it is fabricated, and they are daily becoming more angry at the lack of official information.

##### HOW THE HELA WAS SUNK.

London, September 18, 2.20 p.m.

Seamen at Harwich, describing the torpedoing of the German cruiser Helgoland, state that Submarine E. 9 came to the surface at 6.30 a.m. on Sunday, and sighted the enemy within range. The submarine dived and discharged two torpedoes at intervals of fifteen seconds.

She rose after an hour and saw the Helgoland badly damaged and listing heavily. There were other German ships in the vicinity and the submarine dived again. When she rose the Helgoland disappeared. The submarine was never shot at and apparently was never seen.

##### TOMMY'S HOME TIES.

London, Sept. 18, 2.30 p.m.

A Frenchman attached to a Scottish regiment, describing the British pluck and coolness, says: "No danger does them from all this to the rear and terror."

## WAR NEWS.

It is announced that Major Richardson has offered his services to the War Office to place a number of trained dogs with the British Army, which so far has no military dogs, although the German Army has 2,000 trained dogs, mostly Alsatians, for use as sentries and for carrying messages. According to an export agent, Alsatians are the most reliable, as it requires little sleep, and can go for a long time without food or water. Its sense of smell is very keen and it has a very long life. Any sentry could detect the approach of an enemy. Major Richardson was in St. Petersburg three weeks ago, when he inspected a number of dogs trained by the Russians. Every regiment in the Czar's army has thirty of these dogs attached to it for protection when on outpost duty. Both the French and Belgian Armies also have troops of dogs trained by the Customs officers on the frontiers.—Singapore Free Press.

##### BRITANNIA.

By H. de Vere Stacpole.

Men deemed her changed, and lo! At dawn of war, unveiled, She stands, as long ago, The sea wind in her hair, The salt upon her lips, Upon the Forelands laid, She guards the English ships.

She watched the Norman land, The Golden Hind self-sail, And touched as by a hand, The great Armada fall. She watched the Victory Lead out the Fleet to war, And over the salt blue sea Return from Trafalgar.

Men deemed her changed, and lo! She stands as long ago, With sword and staff and shield, And chief to guard a friend, Across the waves she rules— That is her name shall be read, By foemen—and the fools, Who dream that Drake is dead.

##### THE LATE GENERAL GRIERSON.

"The Times," in the course of its obituary notice of the late Lt. General Sir James M. Grierson, K.C.B., C.V., C.M.G., A.D.C., stated:

General Grierson was one of the most popular figures in the Army and had many friends. A good comrade, always cheerful and full of fun and good stories, he was greatly beloved by a large circle, and his loss at this particular moment will cause widespread regret. He cared for nothing but soldiering and was never really happy away from troops. Though the opportunity of high command in war was denied him, he was highly considered as a leader in the field, and few other men in the Army had such a profound acquaintance with the great foreign armies or was more widely read in foreign military literature. He was a Scot and was proud of it. He was a gunner and was proud of it too. He looked back at his life and held very pronounced views on matters relating to the Army. He was a good friend, very sure in his relations, and an enthusiastic admirer of and believer in the British soldier. His death is a serious loss to the State and to the British Army.

##### THE THINGS THAT MATTER.

There is a funny side to most things, and it is just as well to see it.

The newspapers that solemnly reported that "the Kaiser had stripped off his English uniform, and thrown it from him," contributed not a little to the legitimate humour of the moment—the being so very likely that the Kaiser was wearing a British uniform during the last fortnight, or that he had solemnly donned the uniform of a British Admiral or Field-marshal in order to receive the declaration of war.

Again, the desire to help takes (sometimes) singularly impractical forms. One woman told me to day that she was going to begin to knit socks. It would take her a fortnight to knit one pair, and she was quite able to buy a thousand pairs which were already made by people who needed the work, and waiting to be bought and used. There is also the frantic telegraphing for patterns of "Nightingales" and wool helmets, and other forms of headgear. I saw many hospitals in the Boer war, but I don't think I ever saw a patient wearing either a "Nightingale" or a helmet. There must be mountains of them rotting in South Africa.

Heaven forbid that I should seem to belittle the noblest impulse that can animate any human being. But it is important that we should be practical; that a woman with a thousand pounds to spend on socks should not begin to knit them; and that we should remember that the British Army does not fight in nightgowns.

FILSON YOUNG IN P.M.G.

##### "LITTLE POUGET."

How the First French Soldier Died.

Mr. Hamilton Fyfe, telegraphing from Paris, tells in the "Mail" the little story of the first death of a French soldier in the war.

He was a little cavalryman, a chasseur of the Twelfth. They called him "Little Pouget." He was in barracks at Pont-a-Mousson.

He was full of energy and hope. "That's the spirit," said often to his messmates of the first squadron, "to be alive at such a time, and to be here, right here, on the frontier, with the chance of beginning at once." War had not yet been declared. One morning came an order for a section of light horse to be ordered to the frontier. He was in it. He rode off with a light heart, grateful to be chosen for responsible work.

Suddenly there is a tap tap of Mousquet. From behind a wall shots are being fired. Chasseur Pouget is killed. He is forward on his horse's neck. In peace he would have been a good soldier. He is now a martyr. Shots are fired after them. "Little Pouget" is carried back to Pont-a-Mousson.

Here next day he is buried. Such a funeral as "Little Pouget" never dreamt of. His family could not be there. They are far away. But there were all the officers of his regiment as well as the men, and straight from the cemetery rode out the chasseur of the Twelfth. He was the first French soldier to die in the war.

## GOVERNMENT APPOINTMENTS.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint Mr. J. L. McPherson to be a member of the committee for the Wong-nei-chong and Queen's Recreation Grounds, as representative of the Hongkong Amateur Athletic Federation.

His Excellency has also been pleased to appoint, under section 25 of the Sale of Food and Drugs Ordinance, 1900, Mr. Harry Alan Taylor to be an analyst for the purposes of the Ordinance.

##### THE VICTORIA THEATRE.

The Victoria Theatre was again filled to overflowing last night on the occasion of the second of a monthly series of programmes in aid of the Prince of Wales War Relief Fund. The programme included songs, etc., by local amateurs, all of whom contributed to a successful and highly enjoyable evening. Among those who kindly gave their services were—Mr. N. W. Stevens, Mrs. Bacon, Mr. England, Mr. McArdle, Mr. Brand, and Mr. Lyth and Mr. Harry Ralph. The film "Britain's Greatest Scenic Drama" and was enthusiastically received.

The management are to be congratulated upon their successful and patriotic endeavours.

##### THE PRINCE OF WALES FUND.

Among the chief contributions, recently announced at Home, to the Prince of Wales Relief Fund are the following:—

The Corporation of the City of London	£10,000
Sir Edward Hastings, J.P.	10,000
The National Cooperative Society (Limited)	10,000
Horrocks, Crowson, and Co. (Limited) and the directors of the same firm (per the Lord Mayor of Preston)	10,000
The Earl of Derby (further donation)	8,000
H. H. Sultan Shah Jehan, Begum of Bhopal	8,000
Mitchell and Butlers (Limited)	5,000
Andrew Gault	5,000
Arthur Guinness, Son and Co. (Limited)	5,000
The Prudential Assurance Co.	5,000
John Walker and Sons (Limited)	5,000
Rylands and Co. (Limited)	5,000
Lord Mayor of Manchester	5,000
The Bank of India (Limited)	5,000
Sir John Brunner (second instalment)	4,000
Brunner, Mond, & Co. (Limited)	3,000
(further contribution)	3,000
John Brown and Co. (Limited)	2,500

##### HOW THE ENGLISH IN GERMAN MANY FARE.

##### American Ambassador's Protection.

OUTLOOK FOR STAYING TRAVELLERS.

I have received, writes Mr. C. Tower in the Daily News (London) since arriving in England numerous inquiries from English families asking for information as to the probable treatment of relatives in Germany. I may as well state at once that so far as one could expect Englishmen to receive permits to leave Germany, at any rate for a considerable period. We know that a number of them had been taken to the fortress of Spandau, in theory for their own protection, but really, no doubt, because they were possible military assets. The same course was taken with Russians. It was also stated that some English people would probably be placed under guard in the Embassy buildings after last Thursday. This also had been already done in the case of the Russian Embassy.

##### ACTION OF AMERICAN EMBASSY.

I am afraid that in some cases, particularly in Berlin, Englishmen and also Englishwomen in German employ were or would be thrown out of employment. On the other hand, in all principal German cities the American Consulates or Consulates-General would afford them protection. Arrangements, I understand, have been, or will be, made to prevent their wanting food or shelter. It is quite impossible to suggest how long it may be before communication is possible, but as far as I know the American Embassy and the Consulates intended to make a list of all names known to them and send it out through the American Embassy at The Hague. If this is being done, considerable comfort should be afforded soon to anxious inquirers in England. If it is not being done, I should like to appeal to the American Embassy in London to convey an appeal to the Embassy in Berlin to the above effect.

##### ENGLISH HOLIDAY-MAKERS.

English holiday-makers in Germany were, and probably still are, held at what ever point they had reached when war was declared. When the German mobilisation began they will probably be allowed to move at least to the nearest place where they can get into touch with an American Consul. These Consuls, in turn, are in touch with the United States Embassy in Berlin. The American Ambassador, Judge Gresham, told me on Wednesday that he had received many reports from Consulates of English men and women who had applied for, and of course received, protection.

English wives of German husbands are probably being treated with unpleasant coolness and suspicion. If their husbands are officers I have already understood that for a time they would suffer something like segregation. They are, however, protected from any real difficulty by the fact that their status is, of course, that of German citizens.

##### FOURTEENTH CENTURY METHODS.

So far as the mob is concerned it must be remembered that the United States of America to the German Government caused much trouble in terms so stern as to leave no doubt of the sickening disgust with which the "fourteenth century methods" had been observed. It is incredible that the German Government should not by this time have acted upon the urgent advice tendered.

One's respect for German solidity and gravity was vanished in these days; but I believe that when the first frantic outbreaks are over Germans will sober down. On Wednesday after the assault on the Reichstag, the more sober papers were issuing war news against assault on English-speaking people in the streets and I really see no reason why, after the first week, the position of English people in Germany should be dangerous if they walk circumspectly. I cannot, however, pretend that I am a prophet.

# VICTORIA THEATRE

SATURDAY, 3rd OCTOBER.

To-night! To-night!!

## THE FAMOUS PICTURE

"VICTORY" in 5 parts.

BAND in attendance.

The Public are requested to be in their seats

by 9 p.m. sharp.

## WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.

### NEW TWEEDS AND NAVY SERGES FOR WALKING SKIRTS.

WE ARE NOW SHOWING AN EXTENSIVE RANGE OF THE ABOVE MATERIALS SUITABLE FOR EVERY DAY WEAR.

ALL WOOL TWEEDS IN LOVAT MIXTURE. RECOMMENDED FOR WEAR. WIDTH 46 to 50 ins.

PRICE 2.00 to 2.75 YARD.

STERLING VALUE IN NAVY ESTABLISHMENT SERGES, FOR CHILDREN'S SCHOOL WEAR.

WIDTH 42 ins. to 50 ins.

PRICE 1.00 to 2.75 YARD.

PATTERNS ON APPLICATION.

### COLOUR DRESS LIENS

AN IDEAL GROOM FOR BETWEEN SEASON WEAR.

FAST COLOURS.

WIDTH 36 ins.

PRICE 2.50 to 3.75 YARD.

WASHING DRESS LIENS

COLOURS, PINK, GREEN, FRANK AND SKY.

WIDTH 36 ins.

PRICE 2.70 to 3.75 YARD.

### A NEW DELIVERY OF GENTS' WHITE CANYON TWEEDS WITH THICK RUBBER SOLES.

EXCEPTIONAL VALUE.

PRICE 3.50 PAIR.

A SUPERIOR QUALITY SHOES 8.00 PAIR.

BOOTS 8.75 PAIR.

RUBBER GLOVES FOR THE WEAT SEASON.

LADIES' SIZES 3.00 PAIR.

GENTS' SIZES 3.25 PAIR.

20 DES VOEUX ROAD, HONGKONG.

## Clifford Wilkinson's Tansan.

### BRIGHT EYES—

THAT JOYOUS INDEX TO HEALTH—HOW THEIR POSSESSORS ARE ENVIED BY THOSE WHOSE EYES ARE HEAVY AND DULL! IF LADIES WOULD ABANDON THE SO-CALLED "HEALTH TREATMENTS" SO EXTENSIVELY ADVERTISED AND DRINK

### WILKINSON'S TANSAN

REGULARLY WITH THEIR MEALS BRIGHT EYES AND GOOD HEALTH WOULD BE THEIRS.



No Impurities Can Get To Tansan.

Try Our Tansan Lemonade, Ginger Ale

Tonic and Sarsapilla

Inspect the Label and be sure its Wilkinson's

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